hier: Politone

GH 704

Osborn to Havelock 30/4/87 Eshowe /Acks Hav's of 25/4 No88 / enclsing copy of a letter from Mr Lucas Meyer dated 16th April and directing me to report thesteps that should be taken to make the Zulus to give to Mr Meyer an expression of their desire to be relieved of the Protection of the Burghers of the New Republic.

The readiest manner for the Zulus to do this would be by their sending to Mr Meyer at Vryheid a notification of their desire by a duly authorised depuation. his course will hoever, I think, in be found impractibable as the Zulus will be afraid, or pretend to be afraid, that personal vi olence would be done by the boers to the members of the depuation for ventruing to come to Vryheid on such an errande the object of which is to sever politicial connenction between the Zulus and the Boers. / / It is also probable that the chiefswill aver that there is no necssity for them to make such a notification to Mr Meyer as they repudiate the allegation that Zulus placed themsevlw under the protection of the Boers of the NewRepublic. he would be likely to argue that making such an exression of their desire to be relieved from the Boer protection would be by them that they had accepted and were under the Boer protection. / I mention these objections which I expect will be raised by Umyanana and the other chiefs. At the same time, as it certainly appears to be important thaty they should signify to Mr Meyer their desire to be relieved from the protection of the New Republic, I think it would be advisable to afford them full facility to do so. "ith that k object, I would sugges that /a meeting be hled at Knight's camp attended by the chiefs and a Boer deputation /

/It should be explained to the chiefs that alt ough they deny sixwing the piece placing thesmelves under the Boer's protection there is the Proclamtion dated 14/8/84* signed by Cinuluzlu and Grant which the N R holds as still binding but which they are now willing to relinquish. / "It could be further explained to them that, unless they avaled themseves of the present x opportunity to get relieved from the protection of the Burghers of the New Republic, it would be not impossible that the Boers would ssert the right and assume the psotion accorded them as set forth in the Porclamation referred tok, including the authority as well as the responsibility attaching thereto.

I think that, if these things are pointed out to the chiefs, any objections they may otherwise be incoined to bring forward to their expressing to Mr Meyer their their real desire in the matter will be removed, as I am aware that they are totally averse to having any poltical

relations whatever with the Burghers of the New Republic .. "

Esselen to Havelock 1/9/89 Vryheid

"Sir, I have the honor, by direction of the overnment, to address Y E on the subject of the Portecotoate over the Zulu Nation by the New Republic

In article IV of the Memorandun of Terms of Settlement of the 22nd October 1886, agreed upon between Y E representing t H B M' G and the deputation of the N R, it is agreed on behlaf of the N R by the deputation to badon all claims to a Protectorate over the Zulu Nation, provided the Zulu Nation made no objection to such abandoment of claims of a Portectorate.

/ 12/4 Y E worte RNN informing the Pres that H M the Q had extended assumed supreme authority over Eastern Zululand / "with the knwoledte and acquiesnce of the Chiefs, and people" /and the Pres replied that the Zulus had not yet informed him if they wanted to be relieved of the Portecotate over them of the N R. 19/5 Y E informed Pres that H M the Q had approved of Zululand becoming part of the British dominions and acknowldged without comment.

"I have now the honor to bring to Y.E. 's ntocie, that on the 27th of August last, Dinuzulu, Undabuko & Mahanana Chanibezwa, son of Umjaman Mapovela. Sonketchan and Bantubenzuma (representing Umjamana) Umkosan NTuzwa Dabankulu Maboko Sibamu and Makuluman, accommised by a lrge number of other haemen of the Zulu Nation, hadan interview with President Meyer and the other Memebers of the Executive Council at Vryheid, when they acclared, that they and the Zulu Poeple still calimed the protection of the New Repu blic as promised to them, and that they refused to give their consent to the withdrawal by the N R of the Procectorate over the Zulu Nation." / and that this was the opinion of a Great Council of the Zulu Nation ltely held at

the King's Kraal. The Government of the N R is convinced of this feeling and therefore will / "be unable to agree to Article III of the Draft onvention, and I have been directed...to aks Y E to be so goo as to recommend to H B M's G, that the said Article IIIbe rescinded."

Minutes cover the corewpondence that this aroused. Confl to S of S 2 30/9/87

GH 707 Z228 Meyer to Havelock Wryheid 23/9/87 /Acks H's of of 21/9 and grieved to learn that the receipt of an unsolcitied statement by The Chiefs of Zululand should cause 'surprise and regret' to YE and seem to present 'an unfriendly EX aspect and disposition' when the Deputation of 18/10/86 from the NR understood that the heads of the Zulu should send a message to me on their feelings in regard to the proposed abandomment of the Potectorate. (See C4980 p83. / "In receiving Dinuzulu and the principa chiefs of the Zulu Nation, for the prupose of learning their views with regard to the roposed abandoment of the Portectorate over them by the NR, the gove Government has been actuated by no other diesire than to learn from the Zulus themselvestheir wishes in that respect, and has adipted a course which to me seems to have veen prefectly legitimate in itseft and absolutely necessary under the circumstances."

GH 707

Z22**%7**High Commissioner Robisnon to Havelock 23/9/87

Translation of teleg State President Pretoria to High Comm 19 23/9/87
"This overnment has the honour to bring to the knwoeldge of HMG thata treaty of union has been concluded between this Republic and the New Republic subject to the privisions of Article 4 of the convention of London, in terms whereof the said treaty will be sent to Y E for the prupose of communciating it of Her "ajesty."

GH 824 Havelock to Cobinson 29/9/87 confidential Ixopo /On recieving above H telgrammed as follows / " Government of N R have been putting difficulties in the way of conlusion of Convention with Great Britian and have been intruiguing with Dinuzulu and other Zulus now British subjects thereby causing much trouble. If Y E could intimate to President of the S A R that Treaty of Union with N R would not have approval until satifactory conclusion of Convention with N R and unless NR ceases to interafere with Zulu Chiefs in Zululand, ylu would greatly assist in satifactory settlement of Zululand. Am of opinion that if above conditions are fulfilled, it would be well not to oppose union of Republics..../ /onsiderable disquietude has been caused in Zululand since the assumption of the Queen's Sovereignty over the country through the dilsoayl and anlawful actions of Dinuzulu and of others of the family of the late King Cetuwauo. inuzulu and his followers on eing called upon to explain their conduct have assumed a defiant and rebellious attitude, the correction of which will. I fear necessiate the exercise of force. This state of things may be attributed

.

Will Will in a certain degree to the dissatifaction which is not unnaturally felt by inuzulu and his family at the loss by them of power and prifit consequent R upon the assumpition of British Rule, but the evil has been greatly aggravated N\ by the intrigues of the authories of the NewRepublic, and by the course of by so. actui n which is admitted in Mr Esselen's latt despatch of the ist September. Convention to have been taken by them. Moreover, the progress of the negotiations for the conclusion of a Convention between HM and theNR has been retarded by the obstruction of the NR. / Treaty of Union between the Republics should be deendent on the completion of the Convention. Assuming we could recongnise such a treaty feels strongly that the attitude and conduct of 4 88 the NR have been such to warrant HMG objecting to the Treaty under Provision dra IV of the Treaty of London. Probable that the Pres of the SAR will be able to alter the NR'S ' objectionable course' and hopes that High Comm will acceptance of influce him to control and correct the action of the NR. It would not be wise to oppose Union between the Republics / "But, the conclusion of a satifactory convention between Great B and the N R , and complete cessation of interference by the authorities of the NR with the chiefs and people of Zululnd should, I consider, be necessary preliminaty conditions to favoruable consideration on the part of HMG of such a Treaty of Union." Hav to Holland 30/9/87 /corwards all above to S of S. / Ixopo confidential Z227 /Tele comms wizz between CT and Natal. Hereis the culmnating one "8th Octr yours of yesterday The text of treaty of Union will be Y E's nands in a few days It seems to me that by it the agreement of 22/10 is acknowledged in its entirety & that article 4 of the agreement is therefore secure but were this otherwise I should have thought that now we have annexed Zululand any claim to a protecotrate over British tory and B subjects be too proposoterous to requeire formal abandoment /However after perusa if you still want me to contact Kruger and say that Treaty denedne on seconts as

GH 707 Z266
Meyer to Hawelcok 25/10/87 Vryheid
/Acks Hav's of 19/10 No 108 informing him that negotiations for the conculsuion of the convention with the N R have been suspended until the withdrawal of Esslengs letter of kayx 1/9 / "I beg leave to ask Y E to be so good as as to favor me with the reason for which the withdrawal of the letter above referred to is desired as I am unable, with the information at rpe sent at my disposal, to understand on what gorunds the letter in question should be withdrawn.

Asyer to Jovelack 35,16,67 Veyhaid

Asyer to Jovelack 35,16,67 Veyhaid

of the convention with the 1st nave been surgented until the withdraw i

of Frelehre letter of 1991 1992 1/9 / 6 " A see leave to cent 1 " to le so

tood an as to favor me with the reason for this the withdrawal of the

ietter above referred to is leavered as I or which the this this this this or at income to respon to the distance of the stranger of the stranger of the stranger of the distance of the stranger of the distance of the stranger of the s

CO 327/1
25274

Hav to Hol 58 12/11/87

Encl Meyer to Hav 12/11/87

/Acsk Hav ot 19/th and asks whey why the letter should be withdrawn

Enc 2 av to Meyer 12/11/87

1 Zululand was on 19/5 became British Possission called Zululand.

and procalimed on 26x 21/6 publicly at Ehsowe. 7/7 pulbicily proclaimedat

Nkonjeni at which Ndabuko and Thhin na were presented.

Zululand people were therefore British subjects and therefore Esseln's

letter referring to the British subjects is an infringment on the rights

of er Majesyt

a security to a Ligaria mental property value apposed of the to vol face. A Principal of the second of t the course that the next consider mind. The alice of the addition the femile Alitan and protestable on a second of the second of the second of the second of

CO 427/2 2726

2 ha-hol 11/1/88

Enc

Robinson to Hav Teleg 31/12/87

/Have just recieved following from S of S for Colonies / "Having communciated to the President of the SAR substance of your telegram of 15th Nomvember. I have recieved from him. today. private and confi ential note, in which he expresses wish, before replying officially. to communciate with me in friendly manner, so as to, if possible, bring matters to a satifactory conclusion for all parties. Hehasno objection to short convention between HMG and G of SAR, extending London convention 1884 over NR texpresexxxxx and renouncing cliam of Nr to protectorate over Zulus. "e con siders that matters would be more speedily conlouded if correspondence on subject were carried out by HMG with Government of SAR instead of with NR; an arragnment to which he could obtain consent of NR In such case, he thinks prior onvetnion between HMG and NR unnecessary, and considers way could be found for settlement of present difficuty and as to Proviso B. Letter is friendly and conciliatroy in tone, and it is evident xxx that the President of the SAR is anxious to maintain friendly relations with HMG.

ENC 2 Rob to Hav teleg 5/1/88 "Have recieved the following cable message from the S of S... '4th In aswer to your telegram of 31st December H MG again agrees in your views of Pres of the SAR The Gov of Natal should abstain from further corresponding with Meyer. You had better consult G of Natal whether you can dispeche with onvetnion with NR.. If so, boundary clause of

Convention, and possibly others, should betransferred to short Convention extending London Convention of 1884.
Enc3 Hav to Hol 7/1/88

/Recived yours of 5/1 You ask my veiws on points referred to by S of S. / The point on which my views seem to be desired is whether you can dispesse with Conbention with NR. Theommission of Articiles Nos. 4.10.11.12.13. and 14 of the draft Convention, and the conceding the * point unconditionally as to Impalaza Spruit, which are authorized by the S of S in his teleg to you of 15/11. greatly reduce the importance of the convention. If the Pres of the SAR can and will, on behlaf of the NR, and of his own Government, abaodnon claims of NR to Protectorate of Zulus. I do not think prior Convention between HMG and Nr would be indispessible. There is an arragnment with Meyer concerning portection of graves of Zulu hiefs, which should be accepted by Transvaal Government. Will send you copy by post. I am informed that there is a prty in the NR opposed to Union with Transvaal, but majorty in avour of it Settlers in Priviso B are contented. They will not migrate to Transvaal unless under strong inducemnt. Natives in Provisio B have me de no complaints lately. Retention of Proviso B as part of Zululand of vital importance."

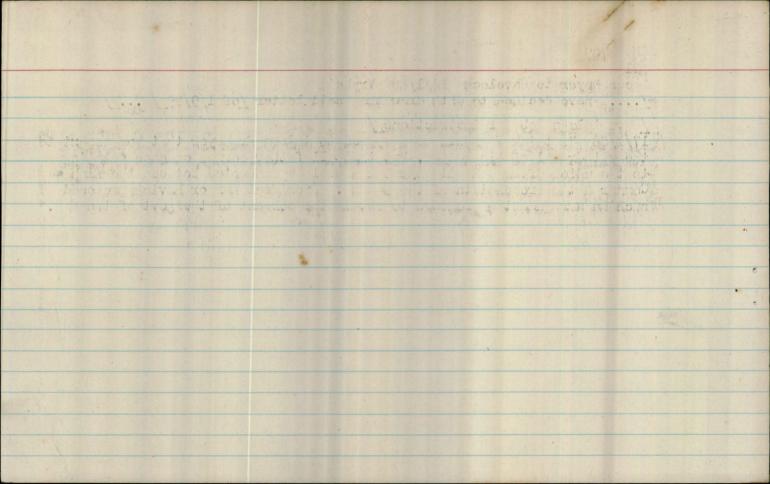
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GH 709

Lucas Meyer to Havelock 14/1/88 Vryheid
/....I have decided to with draw the said letter /of 1/9/89 / ... /

/Havs telegs Rob for instructions / 17/1/88 "I think I should be disposed to infrom Mr Meyer that you assemt to the withdrawal of his letter, but that all futher correspondence telating to the union of the N R with the S A R will be conducted between the High Commmr & the Presence of the S A R . President Kurger having proposed such an arragnment & promised to obtain the consent of the govt of the N R."



GH 708

Holland to Havelock 24/10/87 /Acks H's of 10/9 No39 informing him that the NR is unable to agree to the thrid article in the draft Convention which has been under negotiation between you for H M and Meyer &c for the NR xhexdraftxRrobisionxberinsxxx Since the articile was drawn up the territory in question has become part of H M dominions and thus the article has now no real effect. _/ "For there can be no protectionate or

suzerainty by any foretin state or communcity in or overany part of HM's dominions or overnay persons living within them; and I can only syppose that the pretension put forward in Mr Esselen's letter has been asserted in ignorance of itsreal purport. I can only say, therefore, that until Mr Esselen's letter of the 1st of Septemeber is unconcitionally withdrawn, all further negotiations for the recongition of the so-called 'NewRepubic,' or the conclusion of a

defin ie onvention, must be broken off, H M G in the mean time reserving all it rights under the Zulu Setltment of 1879, and otherwise, over the terriyory compised within the boundaries described in Aricile I and proposed to be recongized as the ew Republic. GH 708 Z299 Halland to Havelock 25/10/87 confidential

A recent despatch from Sir H Robinson recieved to-day, acquanits me

that he has recieved a treaty of Union between the SAR and the NR for their amalgamtion as one State, subject to the approval of H Majesty.

The NR has not yet been recognised by H M as an indepednet State, and as the leaders of the communcity have advanced a claim to exercise a protectorate over the British possession of Zululand, the G of Natal has been

instructed to cease negotations for their recongintion until that claim is withdrawn. It is evident that persons who have so little knowledge of the rights and duties of an indepen ent State as to make such a claim. cannot be recongized so long as this pretention is maintained. Without recongiton their incorporation with the S A R cannot take place, for the boundaries of that Republic are fixed by the Convention of London, and it has no mor right to estend them on the East, than it would have had to take in a potition of Bechuanaland. I turst, however, that Mr Meyer and his friends have taken up t is position w htout fully relaizing its effect, and that they will abandon their proopsal, which really amounts to a cliam to protect certain of H M&s subjects against the Queen. In that even, without prejudging the questions which will arise on a formal application for approval of the Treaty, I may inform you, confidentially, that HMG would be all themore disposed to sanction such union, if they could count on receiting an assurance of the willingness of the SAR to grant farms within the Transvaal, to the occupants of farms in that portion of Zululand, which is often spoken of as the 'Provisio B' Dsistrcit, but is now officially k nown as the Entojaneni istirct. /Unless they quit Zululand /

"I do not see how HMG can be relieved of the anxiety casued by their close prosimity to the Zulu subjects of the Crown."

at I was part out when all modeled boles in the to be yet at

rether to the committee to the control of the contr

C0427/1 20555

Hav to Hol 10/9/87 C P 390

Minutes "The Repr tied "nion of the Nr with the SAR renders it diffulct to deal with this matter at its present stage. If the two Repulbics untie in ksing ax our acquiescence in their untion, this claim to 'protect' the sutus against the Queen, will probably be judicisouly dropped

If it were not for this propsect of a Union, and if we were dealing omly with the NR, I think that the propoer answer would be to say that the negotiations for the Convention werebroken off and would not be renewed exept at the request of theNR. and that whilst the NR was requried to take notice Zululand was British Territory, HMG could reservex all its rights, and would not for the present consider itwef bound in any way to recongise the NR as an ind epednet state - the bround to be assinged bientg that the tone of Dr Esslent's letter, which is quite different from that of Mr Falconer's representation, whows an absence of bona fides in the conduct of the negotiations.

of union between the wo Repulbics. I think that such an union is desirable in our interests. The ZN is too small a communcity to be efficiently governoed, and we as its neighbrous have an interest in its good gover mne to Ithad better be part of the larter and wealthier neighbrouing state.

I do not precisiely understand what offence Dinuzulu is supposed to have committed in going to Vryheir and beneift of his treaty of 1884, made by him when a <u>de facto</u> indepednet sovereign. He is indeed a British subject, but he has become one nolens volens and has never taken Thatmaybe so. But he has the oath of allegiance. The Boers are not the

no right now to cliam protectorate of Foreign Power. hwnever & however made. inHMG's territory I was only adverting. to the chance of success in a government

prosecution. I did not mean ot excuse his conduct to what was said in our /desp of 29/9 as to Ey the Treaty of 1884 aboserving the present corresipondnece put a diefferent

will await furtherinfo before expressing an opinion and authorising 15/10. av to suspect action on the prtof the espt referring to the protectiate." EF /Bramston consider ti amazing impudence and almost feels like breaking off negitaions until it is withdrawn and Herert agrees with him. "I agree - conveying there intimate in firm & strident language. The New Repulbic Boers no doubt think that their Union with the ranval enables them to assert pretentison which they could not oth rwise have thought of xx and both Repulbics perhpas think that H. Govt is too timid or too lazy to aheck any aggressions on its authroity. RLWH Oct 15

complesion on the facts thatx from those present by Falconer and that we

'Wueen's memies', and there is no offence discolsed under British Law or under the

Zululand Regulations; but I suppose there

makes his conduct a capital offence. In the Langalibalele affair. it was held to be

country. / At presnet I would only refer

the termiantion of the protectorated created

is some latent rule of Native Law, which

capital under 'Native Law' to leave the

Havxagreeux Hol agrees and approves Hav stop neotitaions unlees the letter is withsdrawn. / "This may become a troublesome matter unelss dealt with frimly at once." H 17/10

/It was only printed in the ROEX 1890. Hol # 18/10/87 "Stop further negatations unleess Esseln letter withdrawn." Holdto Hav 24/10/87 and Hol to Hobismon 25/10/87

CO 879/32 No 390

Nol Hav to Holl 10/9/87 (2055)

Inclsoes desp from Esslen stating that D N and other Zulu chiefs declared before the exec Council at Vryheid that they claimed the protection fo the New Repulbic and therefree the NR will be unable to agree to Art III of the Draft Convention.

The ACtion of the NR in hoding these communciations with British subjects appears to me to givegowe grounds for complaint and I have expressed this in an enclosed letter to Meyer. he Conduct of Din Ndabuko etc consistutes a serious officine and I have ordere ost to call upon them for an explantion. MO will investigate it before he leaves Nkonjeni and perhpas prefer charges against Din and N.

The authorities of the NR appear to content that the Portecotate they assumed by the porcolantion of 16/8/84 still holds good and that they cannot withdraw it until the Zulu nation expresses its desire to be releive of that Protectoate. But the agreement of 22/10/86 by Art IV the provides that the Proectotare will bill be withdrawn privided the Zulu nation doesnot object. they have expressed the deisre to e relieved ov Boer authority many time in the last three years. hexchare requirements acceptance will be acquiescnece in the right of Her Majesy to exercise acceptance of British rule was conspiuosuly evinced by them on the occasion of the proclamation of the ueen's ommission at Ehsowe on the 21st June, and at Nkonjeni on the 7th July. /Assuming that the declaration alleged by Esseln to have been made on 27/8 is genuine Ixdox where xitexx which I doubt it canno by the expression of the Zulu nation and was made too late.

Hav thinks that yye Boers karexauthorities have been intriguing with Din and his supporters in the hope that th4y might gain some advantage. But Osb will inquire are are and the prompt punishment of Cinuzulu for any offence against the law of which he may be convited, will probably remove any mischevio us impressions that may have been created in the mindsof the natives, by what would appear to have been an unjustifable act of interference on the part of the authorities of the NR in the affaris of HM's territory of Zululand"

which says
that NR
abodnons all
claims to
Protectoracte
unless the Zulu
nation objects

Enc 1 State Sec Nr to Havelock Vryheid 1/9/87.

/Refers to Art, IV of Memo of the Terms of Settlemtn of 22/10/86

Meyer wrote in reply to yournotifica ion of est of HM's authority over

Eastern Zululand that the Zulu had not informed him of their opinions
desire to be relived of NR's prot4ctorate and with the therefore had no power
to withdraw it.

Now informes Hav that on 27/8 Dinuzuou, Ndabuko, Mahanana, Tshianbezwe, Mapovela, 'Souketchan, Bantubenzuma" Imkosan, N'Tuza, Dabankulu, Maboko, Sibamu, Makuluman and many others interviews the Pres and Exc counil Vryehid and decla ed the Zulu people claimed the protection of the NR as had been promsied to them and refused to sonsent to the wighdrawal of the Protection of the New Repulbo. They stated they represented a great coun of the Nation recently ehld at the king' kraal. herefore the Nr is una le to agree to At ZIII of the draft onvention.

Enc 2 Hav to Meyer 7/9/87 /Surpise and regret expressed and remonstrates / Enc 3 Hav to Sb 7/9/87 /ask for explanations /

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Hav to Holldand 43 28/9/87

Meyer to Hav 23/9/87

/Acks 7/9_/ "I am greeved to 14arn that the mere act of the Government in having recieved an unsolicitied statement from Dinuzulu, and the rpincipal Chiefs of the Zulu Nation, with eference to the Procycract overthem by theNR, should have cuased surpze and regret to YR" /Ir eceived them to learn their views with regard to the abaondoment of the Protectorate only wanting to know what the Zulu thought

Minutes "It hink that the New Repulbicanx Authorities erred rather rom stupdity and want of savoirfair than from advisors?" to be imper tinent. Ih october last, we agreed to a privision Article, IV making the withdaral of the Protectorate of the NR depednet on the absence of objection from the Zulu Nation. If we had had merely, after that, taken the Zulus under protection ourselves, it would have been open to the NR, after receving such communciation as it is stated to have received from the Zulus, to notify to us the non-fulfilment of the condition to which he had assented, and preperhas event to have put forward a chaim to the revivial of the Protectorate themselves. He fact that we have actually procedimed ululand to the British territory carries with it legal consequences which render such a /?/ on the partof the NR imporpoert; but it may be doubted if the authorities were fully laive to the improriety. The annexion of a place to the Critiwh Crwon converts the inhabitants who were previously alenies into subjects; but this is a doctine resing upon a very long-winded and crabbed set of judgments

of Bacon and others refuted /?/ by Lor Coke two centuries and a half ago; and it can not be confidently asset dethat Mr Lucas Myer has ever sutided the case in question. What he ought to have done on recieving the Zulu depuation, was either to explain to them that in consequence of the annexation of the country by Great Britian it was impossible to revert to the status quo anti; or he might have reference fact to us, at the same time ovserving that it was impossible to do so, unless HMG

/?/ cancel theannexation of the consequence of the ation of the Zulus. Wehre he was wrong was in cokaing to 'protect' people who are technically British subjects. His error should be explained to him; but in view of the tone of this letter, it may be a question whether it should not be explained in less peremproty language that that of the drftat dexetx now in criculation E F 25/10/87

form surroundition readministration of the contract of the con

a trade special relative and article section in the state switch and

/Bramsont doesn't think there so inncoent /