

PAGES  
72  
BLADSYE



Springbok®

# Scribbling Book Kladboek

SIZE A4 (297 x 210mm) GROOTTE

Name Ndilela  
Naam

Subject Tape 49  
Vak

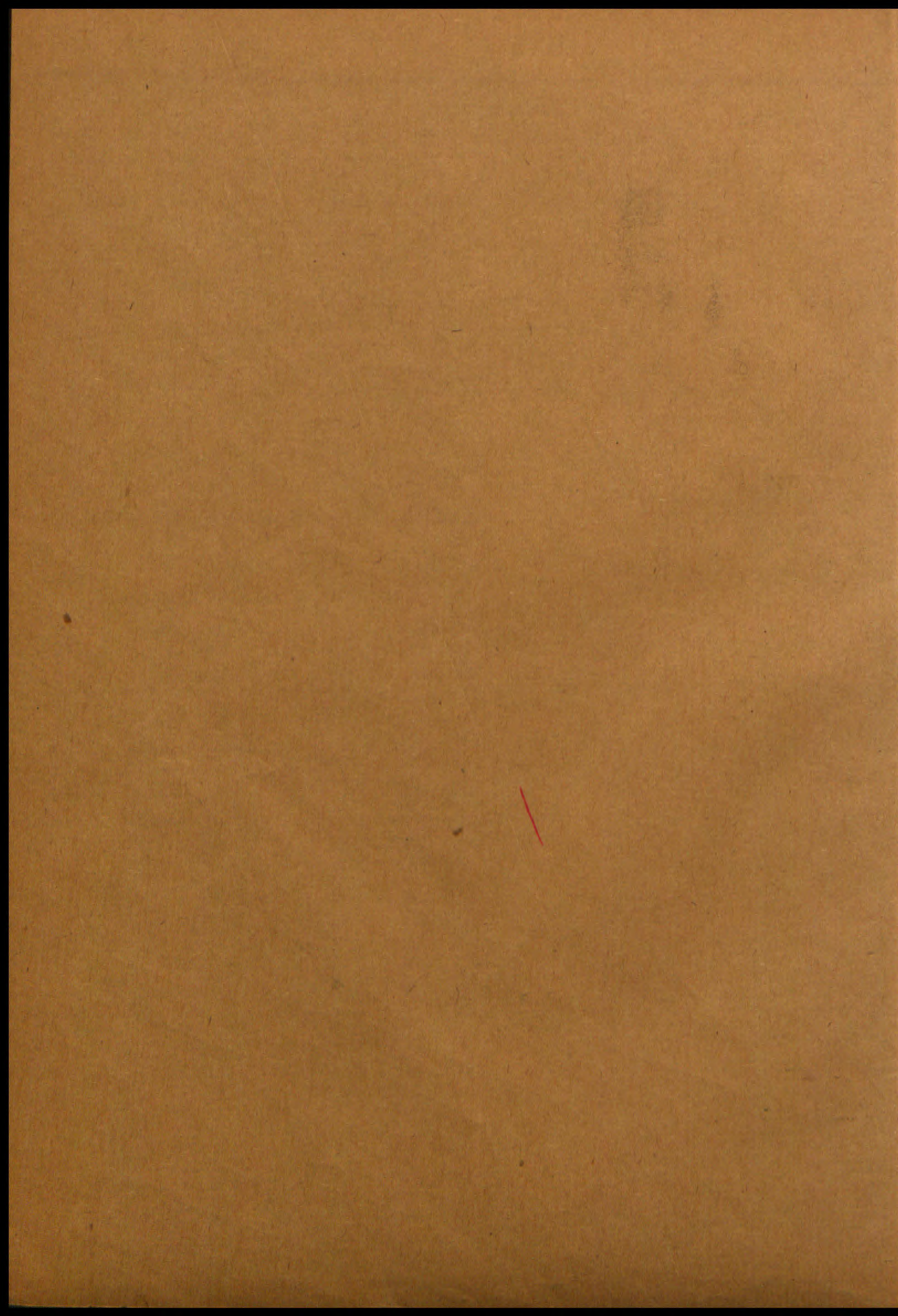
Place Book II  
Plek

INTERVIEW III

Feint Ruling with Margin  
Dawwe Lineëring met Kantlyn

JD. 192





*[Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is mostly obscured by a vertical pink line.]*



77. Swicwati ÷ is a hat that is made from grass which specially worn, or put on by widowed women who are still under the mourning period.

Mn ngoba nguye abemkisa kudla le because it is her who was sending food ngoba yena nguye abemkane, abe- there, as she was the younger one. She used nikisa kudla le kulabantwana to send food there, to the children bentkosi. Angayi lo ngoba ufweli of the king. This one would not go tincwati

HD because she was putting on a Swicwati<sup>77</sup> the young one used to serve bantwana bentkosi<sup>74</sup> taking the food.

Mn Hgulapho atfola khona lokutsi it is where she heard that they want bafuna kubeka lo wase afunela to install this one. It was then that lowakhe ngoba naye unemntwana she wanted it [coveted it] for her because she lomduna. Hala naye unalomduna also had a male child like the other one [wife]

HD It is where he heard about the rumours about appointing another one.

c okay, now, try to get the question straight to him now. I want to ask



78. Dzatjwula - to be torn, to be  
split down, to be  
sawed through, to be  
cut across and divided  
divide a land into plots.

where did Hdlala go after he lost  
chief, the kingship, where?

HD Utsi ufuna kuwa kahle lapha  
she says she wants to get it clear here,  
Kutsi Hdlala wabe yena Sowushonaphu  
that is, where did Hdlala go to  
lapha nasahlulekile lokutsi bambekel  
after he had failed in being installed  
lapha?  
there?

Mn Naye wadzatjwula phela, wabekwa nje  
He was dzatjwula-ed and put [given]  
indzawo  
in a place.

HD He was given a place to stay  
away from

Mn. Kusakhwe ngakhona ngale.  
They were still settled over that side.

HD not here, still there, that side.

C where about?

HD ngakuphi?  
where about?

Mn Ngale kwelubombo  
over that side of the Lubombo



79. Matfutfini - name of a place.

126. Mhlupheki - name of a place.

HD Beyond the Lubombo ~~side~~ <sup>side</sup> ~~side~~ <sup>side</sup>

Mn Lumphongolo ngall ngaphansi  
Lumphongolo<sup>63</sup> Over down that side  
Kwelumphongolo, le phansi eMatfutfini  
of the Lumphongolo Down at Matfutfini<sup>79</sup>

HD Down at the place they call it  
Matfutfini

C They call it Matfutfini today?

HD balibita kutsi kuse Matfutfini  
So they call it Matfutfini even  
nanamuhla?  
today?

Mn yayikhona lendzawo, bayibita kutsi  
There was this place, they call it, it is  
kuka Mhlupheki<sup>126</sup> nyengoba ukhumbula.  
at Mhlupheki's place as you can remember.  
- Angizange sengifike khona. Ukutka  
I have never been there. You can view,  
nye entansi.  
down there.

HD I have never go to see the place,  
but they pointed to me, further  
down.



28. Dzabuka - see glossary

80(4) Mango - It can refer to <sup>all</sup> community,  
(2) a slopy part of a  
mountain.

Mn Njengemraketfu - nye ngoba wake  
like my brother, he was once  
wefika le phansi  
down there.

HD My brother did go there.

Mn lona besikhuluma naye <sup>lena</sup> wake  
the one we were talking with there, he  
wefika ka Tembe.  
was once in Tembe's place.

C Doesindlela go to the place  
with people under him?

HD wahamba sef rebantfu yini,  
did he go with people?  
wadzabuka rebantfu yini?  
did he dzabuka<sup>26</sup> with people?

Mn banike  
who

HD Londlela.  
this ndlela

Mn ~~Wah~~ phela inkhosi yayihamba  
Infact the king used to go with  
rebantfu, nalomango  
people, with the Mango<sup>81</sup>

HD He was given the people keeping  
to go with.



Mn kusuka lapla kuya le bayala  
From here, to there, they going there,  
Seloku bayitsatsa le history iyafika  
still taking [narrating] the history  
phansi. ka Tembe

Until down to Tembe

HA When they are moving from to  
until to Tembe's place.

Mn Maba sebawela Luphongolo baluwela  
even when they were crossing Luphongolo,  
lena bayawishaya khona le,  
they crossed it there and went through  
eMagudu, ngobe laplo kutalwa  
Magudu<sup>28</sup>. Because at Magudu is the  
logogo kuse Magudu.  
place where my grandmother was born.

HA when they crossed the Phongolo  
where my grandfather, mother came  
from Magudu's place

Mn Malogogo lo utalwa eMagudu nje.  
even this grandmother was born in Magudu.

HA and gogo<sup>29</sup> is -

c Does it not mean that Adlela

left Katembu and Moved to Magudu  
at



94. Bobanibani ↔ These SO and so.

HD Lokuslu kutsi ndlela yena wesuka  
It means that ndlela left Magudu<sup>28</sup>  
eMagu, katembe waya eMagudu  
in Tembe and went to Magudu?

Mn basake ngokukhuphuka la  
They left <sup>here</sup> when they wanted to go up [north]

HD baya eMagudu  
They went to Magudu<sup>28</sup>

Mn ya laphe sokutanutalwa naba  
yes where these of Nyokane went to  
boNyokane, batalwa la eMagudu  
be born. They were born here in Magudu.

HD Where Nyokane was born

C did ndlela moved from katembe  
to Magudu?

HD Wahamba yini ndlela kuya le  
did ndlela moved to  
eMagudu?  
Magudu?

Mn Cha phela bakhuphuke ngale  
no: In fact they went up that side  
NalaMaswati to Somhlolo, bobanibani  
with the Swazi people, to Somhlolo<sup>60</sup>, bobanibani<sup>94</sup>  
ye kutshukure khona le  
they went up from there  
lanathana-ye kutkhona lathona  
these are grave which are present



81. Myeni - Sebongo (for Sebongo see glossary)

82. Sobholo - name of a place.

Kunbakunakwana, ngibakholihlivel.  
There was the people of so and so, why do I  
wan, akusibo baka Myeni, baka Myeni  
forget them. Are they not of Myeni? The  
baya muna. Naku la kutalilwe  
Myeni people went later. Here where so and  
nangu lokuwanyan, laplo of the  
so <sup>is</sup> buried. When he came and  
wayowenda lidiza la lentchosi  
made a grave for <sup>the</sup> king for his people  
yakubo, leyafela lapla phans,  
which ~~and~~ died down there,  
eSobholo

at Gobholo<sup>82</sup>

HD ka Nyawo  
at Nyawo's place

Mn akhu, ka Nyawo  
that is, at ~~the~~ Nyawo's place.

HD Nyawo's place

C what?

HD utsi kwa  
you say at so ~~and so~~

Mn ngulapha kwa, kundithuna  
It is here, where my grandmother's grave  
lagogo ngwenyama yayisolo  
was. The Ngwenyama<sup>54</sup> ~~was~~ still  
ilifuna lilituna.  
wanted. [to see] the grave.



HD There is a grave for my grand  
grand father

Mn beyiloku ilifuna intchosi, kute  
the king was still wanting [to see] it. when  
yawufika kudwabaselutfuli  
it came to Dwabaselutfuli.<sup>30</sup>  
Ngudwabaselutfuli tolotapho  
It is Dwabaselutfuli who is there.

HD Dwabaselutfuli the king is the  
one who was buried there

e where?

HD Tembe, katembe?  
at Tembe

Mn Kula, phila abekhuphuka  
It is here. In fact he was coming up from  
leka tembe wafika wabe  
Tembe place, [when] he came and  
Sowukho + samela la Sowuyatfutsa  
died here. He moved here from the  
lapha entabeni. Akhona  
mountain. There are graves which  
lmathuna la li phansi  
are down there.

HD elubonyeni?  
at Lubonyeni?

Mn mhu  
[agreeing]



83 gidza - see glossary

84 inwala - see glossary

HD He was buried at Lubombo.

C Which side? east or to the

West?

HD Ngali noma ngala?

On that side or this side?

Mn Kungala Manuya le luphongo lo

It is over this side. When going to  
nfe uwela uhu, Kungalapla,  
Luphongo, you crossed and go this way. It  
la erisatani

is this side [of the boundary line], here on the Mountain.

HD When you are going down to

it is somewhere on  
top of the Mountain.

C When Hlela lost the kingship

and he was given a place,

did he gidza<sup>83</sup> inwala<sup>84</sup>?

HD Hlela rasa dzafu ulwile  
did Hlela gidza inwala after  
inawo yatche, wabesowugidza  
a land was divided, portioned unto  
inwala yini?  
hini?



85. Bontkhos - plural of rkhos  
which is a respectful  
form of address in  
this case

86. Mntfwahentkhos - a 'child of the king'.  
The term is also extended  
to ~~the~~ a son of a son of a  
king.

Mn akayigidzi phula ngoba inwala  
He does not gidza<sup>83</sup> it, because inwala  
igidzwa ngumunye.

HD It is not ~~done~~ dance inwala, it

<sup>is</sup> Only one person who dance it.

C ~~who~~ who was the first

Swazi king to dance inwala?

HD lowekacala lobekayigidza  
who was the first <sup>one</sup> to  
inwala abengubani?  
gidza inwala<sup>84</sup>?

Mn Angomkhubuli lowekacala  
I do not remember the first one  
Bontkhos, rkhos, khona le kusekhona  
bontkhos<sup>85</sup>, rkhos<sup>86</sup>, in there, while they  
le le Mavani.  
were still in Mavani.<sup>58</sup>

HD "I cannot remember ball

Mn Somhlolo yayingu Somhlolo.  
Somhlolo<sup>60</sup>, <sup>94</sup> was Somhlolo.

HD Somhlolo, Somhlolo

Mn lobekagidza inwala base le entansi  
who was gidzing inwala whilst  
there were still down there



87. NKwethu - name of a person

47  
Ayifiki lewala; bahamba ralo  
the inwala is not a recent thing. They  
NKwethu bakluphuka. Ngulokwanya  
went with NKwethu, [when] coming up.  
na. labatri ngulandini lowayigidza  
It is so and so, the one they call Dlanini,  
Kucatu

who gidza<sup>83</sup>ed it first.  
HD Dlanini did dance the inwala

Mn Ngobe phala nalapha kaMamba  
As in fact, you can remember, here in  
uyakhumbula babeyigidza  
the Mamba's place they gidza-ed it

HD And the Mamba people did

gidza<sup>83</sup> inwala.

Mn Babenayo rabo mhlawumbi  
They also had it, this gidz-ing of it  
lokuyigidza ngoba rabo babevell  
maybe because they were also  
Bangenakhosi.

Kings in the first place.  
HD They were also the Kings themselves

Mn laba bakisi-ke babevell banaloku  
These of ours, had this in the first place

HD Banani?  
what did they have?



88 litulu - weather, rain and lightning.

lit They are with the sun (possibly they have a key)

89 lisiko - custom, practice, habit, manners.

Mn labo Mamba

HD baneli langa?

Mn litulu phela  
litulu<sup>88</sup>

HD WO: Ours had rain. They were  
g. see:  
using rain.

C who?

HD the mallela's

C using rain

HD mulu yes  
(agreeing)

C or making rain

Mn Halenwala yayigidowa phela  
The inwala which was gidza-ed was in fact  
yay. lisiko. lobekatsi angabekwa  
a lisiko<sup>89</sup>. The one who was installed [as  
anikwul njengayena lomfana lo  
king] was given [allowed to gidza inwala]. Like  
usengakarukwa

HD thus boy, he is not yet given [to gidza inwala]  
and danung inwala it was a  
custom, when they give the king



90. bomkhulu - plural of Mkhulu -  
which is translated as  
grandfather. This maybe or  
may not be a biological  
grandfather.

to danu inwala - inwala

Mn akanikwa phela inwala kucala  
He is not given inwala before being  
angakate akhonyiswe, wentwa  
shown (taught) first and gone through  
tonkhe letentfo, bese iyankwa-ke.  
many processes first. Then he is given. Some  
keke kumwe-nyl  
time is allowed to elasp.

HD after that

Mn Semifang ingeaisae ehlatsini  
you will lead me astray.  
Sengyaldrawula

Then I am stopping (here)

HD I stop.

C — translate the

whole thing he said

Mn Sengisho bomkhulu yoba boma.

I mean bomkhulu<sup>90</sup> because they

HD when they put a new king

they wait until he get mature

C can you ask Adlela did he

ever hear stories about where the



91. Dalwa - to be brought into being, to be created.

Hawala comes from?

HD Mhlawumbi wase weva wena  
Maybe you once heard ~~about it~~  
Kutsi inwala yefha nabaplu  
which people came with inwala?  
yathamukaphi? ~~where~~  
where did it come from?

Mn ha: banyenti laba, angiyati  
ha: these are many. I don't know  
yes ilca nalabo lebayicala  
it. It ~~was~~ came up with those who  
Kadzeni ngoba nalobukhosi  
started it long ago because even the kingship  
buhambi kanyalo badalwa khona  
has followed that way. It was dalwa-ed  
lapha ku Somhlolo. Kwakwenywa  
in there, in Somhlolo. This thing was done  
lentfo kungumalalo. Unesidhats  
as a game. It has its period [in which  
Sawo, nyavalwa.  
it can be played] and prohibited in certain periods

HD From Somhlolo, these ~~are~~ are  
certain times that they dance  
inwala.

Mn Ngobe nalo Somhlolo wetsuwe  
because even this Somhlolo ~~is~~ is



92 Hhoho - The northernmost of the four Administrative Districts of Swaziland, the town of Hhoho is the northernmost town in Swaziland, three miles from the South African border.

ngalolomunye Sombhlo, na Sombhlo  
Named after another Sombhlo and Sombhlo  
wetswa ngalomunye.  
was named after another one.  
HO Sombhlo's name comes from one  
to another one.

Mn Malentchosi ralokwentiva konkhl  
what is done [ritual] to the king, is  
kwentiva lo, abentwa babe  
done to this one. The rites are not  
babili munye lovele kube ralyo  
performed to two individuals. The secret  
fuhlakalo. Lababomkhulu bantfw  
rites are performed on one person. These  
lababevele banelwati.  
Bomkhulu<sup>90</sup> were people who were knowledgeable.  
Kwakungabhalwa kwatwawia - nje  
It was not reduced to writing but it was  
kufi lendlu le yphatwa kanje  
just known that this indlu<sup>62</sup> is supposed to  
stencwala. le yayiphatwa  
be controlled this way. This incwala<sup>was</sup> also  
ngulabomkhulu kuzi kuya leka  
controlled by bomkhulu<sup>90</sup>. They started  
Hhoho kusukelwa phansi leka  
down from there at Tembe to es  
tembe.  
far as Hhoho<sup>92</sup>.



93. Lamgangeri - daughter of Mgangeri.

HD Our grand grand father used to have people who were giving instruction that we do not do this, we do this, we do this

Mn naku kalo njengoba nje  
Here in this one's home. As I can  
ngingakutshela ngokutsi lombhulu u-  
tell you that my grandfather is  
la, kube Mbandzeni yena agile  
here [burned here]. This was after Mbandzeni  
tiga la abulala Lamgangeri  
did a strange thing by killing Lamgangeri  
wawele, inkhosi. Seyinfilakalo  
he, the king. That is a secret, you  
ungete wabuhlala loku.  
Should not write [it] this. It is a  
Seyinfilakalo. Wasi-ke hamba  
Secret. He/she said go and get  
uandze Nyokani atotsatsa  
Nyokani so that he can take  
lokwakabo  
what belongs to his family.

HD When he killed Lamgangeri  
that is a secret you must not  
write it down.



in the explanation.

95. <sup>(14)</sup> phutsitela - to move above confusedly.

Mm Semane — ngoba ngoko-nye  
 It is just — because, that is  
 inkhosi yatsi awu akusiko liffu  
 why the king said awu<sup>19</sup> that is nothing  
 ngoba phila akwentwa, kuyabekwa  
 because that is not done. It is only  
 kuzi kwentwe kugcinwa kahle  
 done after the installation [process]. It is kept  
 njengoba abona naramulla loku  
 safe as you can see, even today  
 kangako-ke phutsitelwa. Kungako-ke  
 they are phutsitel-ing. That is why I  
 ngitsi awu ngingacoca coca-nye  
 say awu<sup>19</sup> I can just talk a little bit.  
 itedi-ke setimphandze temklaba  
 except that these are roots [fundamentals]  
 yatsi inkhosi singabokusho loko. <sup>that</sup>  
 of the land [nation] the king said we must not mention.  
 HD The king said we must not say  
 that

Mm Singakiwa-nye lutalo lwethu  
 we can just be known as to our descent  
 kutsi mull ngitalwe ~~ny~~  
 that is, how I am born  
 kangaka, sati kangaka, lwati  
 we know this much knowledge.  
 HD We can speak on how we become  
 to be like this



96. Ngwanile - name of a person.

97. (U)mntfwana - child. This is a word that is used as a title for the prince who is a future king. However, the other princes and princesses are also referred to as bantfwana - children. (see also see footnote no 74)

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Mn Ngoba narangu Ngwanile,<sup>96</sup>  
Because even thus Ngwanile,<sup>96</sup>  
na Ngwanile lobutsi la nasaphitse  
even Ngwanile here, when she was  
betaphatselle yena umntfwana<sup>97</sup>  
in charge [ruling], she was ruling on behalf of the  
HD na Ngwanile was acting as a  
also  
king. He was just helping him to  
do everything.

Mn ngulendle yakazogo lentzala.  
This is the old [Serona] indlu<sup>62/64</sup> of my grandmother.  
loranamuhla loku nguloku roma  
even today, it is still. Even when  
kufihlwa umntfu lapla  
a person is [to be] buried on the  
entsabeni kutina kimi  
mountain [caves] <sup>you</sup> come to me [consult me]  
HD whatever is happening on the  
mountain, they always consult me

Mn ngobe kulisiko letfu kutsi  
Because it is our custom that the  
lMaswati afihlwa kanje.  
Swazi people are hid [buried in caves] this way.  
HD It is our custom that I know



Mn Ngukoke inkhosi layayitsi angikusho  
That is what the king asked me say [tell]

HD 1

Mn yayikusho lokoke inkhosi itsi  
The king was saying that, it said  
awu ungakubhala mntfwana  
awu<sup>19</sup>, you can write that mntfwana<sup>97</sup>  
ngatsi ke kuyawugcisiwa ngubani  
and I said who will keep it as  
ngoba singena dlabha. Ngifuna  
we are negligent. I want to talk  
Kulchuluma yengoba rawe  
[say it] as you are also  
ungowalankhosi.

HD The <sup>king</sup> nkhosi<sup>46</sup> used to say write it down  
so that we know.

Mn yatsi ngobokushiya nye loko.  
It said I should leave [not mention] that.  
Ngakushiya nakadzeni.  
I did leave [not mention] it, even long ago. And  
namhla sigcwaba lenkhosi nye  
<sup>also</sup> On the day when we were burying  
Watsi uyaya lomusa wa Ngolotjeni  
the king, the son of Ngolotjeni <sup>did</sup> went  
utsi kwabate (labetakke)  
[to inquire] and came back and said  
there is not ~~any~~ any persons who  
are [were] coming.



sasale senta ngalokwetfu  
So, <sup>we</sup> did it, the way we were conversant with.

HD We did not do ~~that~~ exactly  
what we should have done.

C Is it something that the riddle  
do, thus burying and putting  
in the mountain?

HD Utsi ngumsebenti wakini?  
You say it's your people responsibility?

Mn ya ngumsebenti walabokkhokho,  
yes. It is the ~~responsibility~~ duty of these  
walabokkhokho

HD Great grand parents [fathers], of my great grand fathers.  
From grand grand father

C Are they also responsible like at  
Mbilaneni?

Mn Kusuka-khona le phansi  
From down there.



98. Bakarigwane - literally it is translated "people of igwane's place"

99. Lobamba - As the Ndlovukazi's village, it is the capital of the Swazi nation. It also houses the modern parliamentary buildings as well as an official residence of the King, the Swazi National Council offices and the National Stadium. Further development is still going on. It stands on the site of a previous royal village called Nkamini, and is located on the main road about halfway between Mbabane and Manzini.

HA From, right from the beginning  
C At Mbilaneni also?

HA Nasembilaneni nakhona  
do you also go to  
niyaya?  
Mbilaneni?

Mn Ngini nye lobekayiwufuna  
It is I, who ~~went~~ to look for the  
lendlu yalendhosi  
burial cave ("house") for this king.

HA I went there to look for  
the place where the king  
was buried.

Mn nebe babuta labakarigwane<sup>98</sup>  
Even when the people of igwane's  
kutsi yasho yini ~~to~~ inkhosi  
place were inquiring as to whether the  
~~king~~ kutsi. Sli sa la ngatsi niul  
king did say 'bum bu' [set this place on  
awu cha ayishongo.  
fire] and I said 'awu' no, it did not say.

HA The people at Lobamba<sup>99</sup> they  
asked him did the late king  
say something about putting



100. Ndlovukazi - see glossary

101. Makhosini - literally - place of kings.

102. Logcogco - (variant: Logcogco) Prince.  
A son of Mswati II and  
half-brother of Ludvonga II  
and Mbandzeni; he was an  
important Swazi councillor  
for many years.

103. Cingela - to search on behalf of  
someone, to look after  
something on behalf of  
somebody. It is presumable  
that the grandfather in  
this context was to search  
for a place where Malunge<sup>104</sup>  
was to be buried or on  
the other hand it <sup>could</sup> be that  
the grandfather was to  
look after the place on  
behalf of Malunge<sup>104</sup>

Somebody here and he said  
no, he did not say anything.

Mn ya lexatsi matukhona gogo  
yes. It said the mtfwanekhosi<sup>86</sup>  
wayo nalogcogco kutsi  
should be put [buried] here, this was  
abekwe lapha umfwanekhosi  
in the presence of his grandmother  
uyankhumbula?  
and logcogco<sup>102</sup> do you remember him?

HD ngiyambona  
I remember him.

Mn enhi kutsi nyengoba abese  
(agreeing) since Malunge<sup>104</sup> had the country  
aphetse live Malunge abeandle  
under his control, he was supposed to  
kutsi aye (Makhosini, Kwafola  
[be buried at]) go to Makhosini<sup>101</sup> the Ndlovukazi<sup>100</sup>  
kutsi yatsi ndlovukazi  
is said to have said, my grandfather  
akacingekwe ngulomkhulu la.  
should cingela<sup>103</sup> for him.

HD Ndlovukazi instruction mtfwanekhosi  
Logcogco<sup>102</sup> to look for a place  
where to put Malunge<sup>104</sup>.

logcogco



104. Malunge - ~~Prince~~ Prince. Served  
under Queen Regent  
Labotsibeni as Assistant  
regent during the minority  
of ~~the prince~~ Sobhuza II.  
The younger brother of King  
Bhunu (thereby uncle of  
Sobhuza). He fathered four  
children by one of Bhunu's  
wives. (Grotzinger, pp 88.)

59  
Mn Kwasho logogo mavuma-ke  
That was said by the grandmother. And  
nina. Cha ngeloko-ke  
you agreed. That is all I  
lengikwatiko. Lokungasiko. nfe  
know. What I cannot write is  
lengingakubhala loko-ke nfe  
what I was told to keep  
kutuka lokwatsiwa angikubuke  
look [After] as of now.  
yengamanye. Le history yetfu  
Concerning our history, about  
yekutalwa sitalwa khona  
our birth, we were born [came into  
le eMagudu lentansi.  
being] ~~downed~~ in/at Magudu<sup>28</sup>

HD But about history we just came  
from there.

Mn Shamba nalamakhosi ~~khanya~~  
We were moving with the kings  
~~khanya~~  
from the

HD we came with the Kings from  
there.

C Does Ndlela want this thing  
to be written about how he ~~was~~



the King?

HD yena kubhalwe <sup>Phansi</sup> yeni wena?  
Do you want it written down?

Mn ~~h~~ Hengoba sawukubhalile  
As she has written something  
lokunye - ye ngingakukhumbula  
down, I can only remind her  
yena ye kutsi loku ukubhalile,  
about what she has written.

lokuncoka angakutsatsa yena  
concerning the important things,  
kutsi lokuhle ngukuphi,  
she can decide on herself which is  
ngukuphi langakutsatsa.  
important, then write it down.

HD So you have been writing  
did you write all what he  
was saying

C mntu (agreeing)

Mn Hengoba lapha lona  
As this one here can  
angakukhushela kutsi loku  
interpret for you, that is  
ukwazi kangaka  
how much he knows it about  
this.



C No. 3 am, [redacted] to explain about  
burying the king, he said the  
said it should be written down

H) ya utsi kuloku lokushoko kutsi  
Yes. She says, why cannot this  
inkhosi yatsi yini kangabobhalwa  
be written down, that is, what you  
phansi khona kwentelwe kutsi  
say, was said by the king. So that  
kangatomlaleka laba labanye  
the others cannot loose. Because when  
ngobe nasokungekho wena, nant  
you are no more here [dead], you will  
utosuke usukulahlile  
be by then have [died with it] thrown it away.

Mn awu. ngiko-ke lokulokwentetke  
awu; this is what happened yesterday  
itolo kwasekuyawurekwa ebantleni  
[recently], it was then brought before  
kwaphundze kwavakala nebantleni  
libandla<sup>73</sup> and also heard at the  
ngengoba nawe wekhutile kutsi awu  
libandla<sup>73</sup>. As you have also marvelled  
yayikutsatsela kutsi kuhlall  
about that, it [he] took [recorded]  
kuthenikhotha. Sokukhuluma yona  
it so that it could be kept in  
the tape recorder [cassette]. I was



105. Abantu - people.

62  
inkhosi lucobo always etolo mine  
suprised when the king, himself was  
ngumangele. yona Moamba.  
speaking. [The king] itself.  
HD This was put in the Taper recorder

Mn abekhuluma yona saka saka.  
It was himself speaking.  
C Henry the question is

Mn anelbandla lakhe  
He was with his libandla<sup>75</sup>

C did Ndlela —  
what you said to me, you said  
Ndlela said the king that said  
that all of these abantu<sup>105</sup> burrying  
the king should be written down.

HD yes

C Is that correct?

HD He said we should write it  
down himself so that anybody



106. Yebo-ke nkholosi - this is an expression that is used when responding to a greeting salute from another person.

63  
who comes after him may find it written how it goes

C Does ~~the~~ iridlela want to tell us for taperecorder and then

Ma Mangu anibungelela.  
here, as he/she is greeting you

C+HD yebo-ke nkholosi<sup>106</sup>

HD I do not think

Ma utsini? ntsini naye?  
what does he say? what are you talking about?

HD utsi ufuna sikubhale phansi yini  
do you want us to write it  
tsini?  
down?

Ma awu muna ngitsile ntauwucambita  
awu: I said [thought] you should  
lokunjabulisako, nanjabuliswa  
pick what interest you. If you are  
ngulomlomo yengoba sengokhulumel  
amused by my speaking after I have  
kangaka kukini. ngoba labefeka  
so much, it is up to you. Because  
had he/himself had warned those



107. tinsila -

kucala abebayalile yena asekhona  
who came earlier during his life time  
atsite - la amu ringabombhalisa  
He had said they should not let Munyana<sup>107</sup>  
Munyana, besifuna tinsila,  
write what we wanted tinsila<sup>107</sup>  
libokhiluma letinsila.

you should talk about tinsila  
HD They refused, — he refused  
while they were asking about  
tinsila<sup>107</sup>, how to treat the funeral  
of tinsila

109. Shabangwane - name of a person

Mn kutsi bagena bagwatya yam  
about how all they buried,  
ngoba  
because.

HD How they put them in the cave

Mn kutsike relisiko lalhona kwentuna  
about how it is done, the practice.  
yani. watsi lo Shabangwane kutsina  
that governs it. Shabangwane<sup>109</sup> said,  
umunwe, sasesiyaphukisane - ke  
the finger is done like this, then we  
bakubhala ngatsi mind kutsina  
disagreed with each other. They wrote  
it. then I said, the hand is



sandla

done like so.

HD and the other indvuna<sup>108</sup>, seniors

Shabangwan<sup>109</sup> said they do this

when they bend this finger

c but <sup>what</sup> one finger up?

Mn Masafile  
after he's <sup>is</sup> dead

HD lolowenta ye wentiswa sandla?

Is it the hand of the person that is done like this?

Mn utsiwa sandla masafile nasagawafa

the hand is done like so after he is dead.

la gelila la adunt hami

when he is being buried just over there

wafika-ka Shabangwan, ngatsi. muni

when Shabangwane came, I

accusesko

said it is not it.

HD The other man said, he pointed

one seven just like that

and then he said no, it is

not like that, there must be do

this.



is it not like that?

110. MA - incomplete word.

111. Samuel - person's name

112. Mfundza - person's name

c put the <sup>whole</sup> hand like that

HD yes.

MN uyasalutha phela. inkhosi nje  
He is saluting because he is a king.  
nobe unani uniswa kanye, nane  
It is put this way irrespective of who  
wakankhosi. akunjalo?  
and how it is. Even to you of inkhosi,  
HD kunjalo.

MN maloke liciniso. Uyabona. ke  
That also is truth. you see, where  
lapho saphikisana satsi. ke la  
disagreed, when we began,  
Sesisuka, sasesisuka khona kuta  
we were from there at the time  
kwakhe lapha nalo umfana  
when he came here with this boy  
wa Ngolotjeni ngafike ngatsi  
of Ngolotjeni. I came and said  
na. Yatsi-ke inkhosi yona  
the king said, itself, send  
yafumela Samuyeli, Mfundza  
Samuel and Mfundza to collect  
kutsi abayotsatsa lentwa, njengoba  
[stories] from <sup>the</sup> back [the south of the country]  
mitsatsa seniyaba nelusito kusasa  
as you are doing. In future you  
will be of great help.



113. Labhime - name of a person.

62  
HD The king told us <sup>that</sup> he send  
Samuel<sup>114</sup> and Nfundza<sup>112</sup> to go and  
find <sup>out</sup> the information about  
the funeral of the king

Mn ngoba nam nitsatsa yona  
because you are also collecting  
nfe <sup>the</sup> information

HD The same information you want  
to take

Mn Labhime wayitsatsa lokunye  
labhime<sup>113</sup> did collect it, we took  
sakutsatsa nakubhulhe inkhosi  
something ~~is~~ which <sup>was</sup> of Labhime  
kukwa Labhime.  
after the king's death.  
Mhele  
Tell her/him.

HD Labhime did write it down.

Mn Lokunye, lokunye kwaphandzeka  
<sup>87</sup> was found that  
kutsi kuyaphukisana nemaswati  
something was ~~not~~ against [the  
practice of] the Swazis people.



40 And the others, we did not touch it because it was against the Swazis

Mn Ngoba kunkhona: lapia: kufikwe  
Because there are things which are kutswe akuphatfwa njengoba not to be touched (mentioned). Like naye tolo kuthulunywe kwakhulunywa yesterday [recent past], we talked and nje la yaze ya, kwayawufikwa talked until to where the esigabeni sokutsi indlovukazi, ndlovukazi<sup>100</sup> said should be loku kuyetfwalwa kubekwe left intact as it is. Kungako nje, sesabela loko nje. We fear for that [that is why we fear] Bengishto nje kutsi kuneliplunga, I have said that there is still a kusanuka lipuma. Ngisesaba kanyalo smell, a smell is still smelling. Inat what nani, kufaka ku the pikhoda, ngiyafat makes me fear to put it in the ngiyakufaka nani. after —  
Tape recorder. I will also put it in after —



HD He says he is afraid to say much about this.

Mn ngoba kulungile lokunye nje <sup>tsent</sup>  
concerning something else, <sup>also right</sup>  
lisiko lefu tsine bakardlela  
custom, we of rdlela, that is how  
kutsi shambe yani remakhosi  
we came with the kings and how we  
nokutsi sagcina yani  
ended, it's right [I can tell about that].

HD about rdlela I am not afraid  
about them.

Mn angisabi lapho <sup>here</sup>  
I fear nothing <sup>here</sup>, [about that]

HD I am not afraid

Mn ngoba nalokufilila laba, ngulutalo  
It our people, our descent, [which  
livakutsi ngulaba bakutsi kwakutsi  
know, and do], the burying of  
emakhosi alahlwa kanye, unmfwana  
the kings and how are they to be hid  
ulahlwa kanye, <sup>also how a child</sup>  
[buried in the caves] and is buried the custom.

HD All the custom of putting up the  
funeral of the king.



114. Bayethe - Salutation only  
used to the King, often

used after a speech

Mn ikufuna-ke inkhosi itsi angikubhale  
The King wanted me to write it  
la. kisasa nase ngingasekho  
here. Because who is going to  
kuyarentiwa ngubani  
do it tomorrow [future] when I am not here.

Hd) The late king wanted me to  
write it down.

Mn yakekho loko  
It did say that.

Hd) That is what he said.

c okay. Can you ask Adlela if  
he know where did this word

Bayethe<sup>114</sup> come from?

Hd) utsi leligama lelitsi bayethi  
She say where did the word  
lathamukaphi?

Bayethe<sup>114</sup> came from?

Mn batalwa nalo khona le Embo<sup>34</sup>  
They were born with it in/at Embo<sup>34</sup>

Hd) It is where they came with  
from Embo<sup>34</sup>



C Where is Embo?

HD Hgukuphi lapho?  
Where is that?

Mn khona le phansi  
~~Down~~ Down in there

HD Down

C what is the word Embo mean  
to the Swazi people?

HD leligama leliti embo lapha  
what does the word Embo mean  
'emaswatini lisho kutsini'?  
to the Swazi people?

Mn Embo phula indzawo  
Embo is a place

HD Embo is a place.

Mn nyengeta ungalombamba ye  
like you can point at the  
rgeLubombo, indzawo khona,  
Lubombo, and there is place,  
indzawo - nje  
which is just a place.

HD It is like, for instance if I point  
to you, like Lubombo



What is a...

What is a...

What is a...

What is a...

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