

Mngomezulu

ATB 341

Of Sotho extraction and the son of the founder Mdluli ka Mngomezulu moved from the north eastern Transbaal probably, to a point on the upper Ngwavuma now known as kwaNtshingila where he died 1751c Mafu or Ngwane during general disturbances moved over the Bombo into the lowlands below the Etshaneni mountain and then moved back again 1784 to the Ngwavuma. General upheavals at the time and peoples settling in the area after trouble ~~kw~~ elsewhere. this was intensified during the rise of Shaka and Zondiwe left the area with his son Lubelo but most of the people remained in the area, under Zondiwe's brother, Msuduka. Lubelo then succeeded (he might have been the son of Msuduka by one of Zondowe's wives) and drove the Myeni into Zululand (see Myeni) and then the Matenjwa. But Sambane who was the latter's suzerain objected and with the aid of a white's waggon he escaped into Swaziland where Mswati killed him. Lubelo's son Mbikiza also sought asylum with the Swazi and later assumed chieftainship for the Mngomezulu.

C6200 / The history of the tribe given by Mbikiza. During Zwide's reign the Mngomezulu were independent and loyal to no one. When they were attacked and defeated by Zwide, and loyal to him. When Shaka ~~attax~~ defeated Zwide they tried to be loyal to him but their submission was not accepted and they had to flee north with the Ndwandwe / "The Swazi king interceded on their behalf, and the tribe, under Lubelo, the present Chief's father, was allowed to return to their old district, that they at present occupy. In consequence of the Swazi intercession on their behalf they were loyal to them as well as to the Zulus. In being loyal to the Zulus, they did so through Mapita, Z's father."



?Mngomezulu

Mdluli d c 1751

Mafu d c 1785

Malinga

Dlakada cd c 1805

Zondiwe d c 1823

Msuduka

Zondiwe d c 1823

Lubelo d c?1860  
by Msuduka

Mbikiza d 1918

Zombizwe



Mngomezulu 2

"At the time of this flight to and return from Sotshangane's country, Mtyelekwana and his people were under Lubelo. Mtyelekwana off shoot of the M'zulu but closer to the Swazi politically / after his return broke with Lubelo and went south of the Mkuze and konsad to the Zulu king through the headman Mbopa. He then became dissatisfied and returned to his district and Mpnade sent an impi and he was driven across the Uthuthu river. Mbigiza's people were allowed to occupy his district and did so till the 79 war when those of Mtyelekwana's people returned to their district.. During the reign of the kings the junction of the Uthuthu and the Pongolo was the northern boundary of Zululand. Mbigiza konsad to the Zulu as his conquerors and the Swazi ~~for~~ as in ercdiers who arranged his return to Zululand after being driven out with Zwide. After 79 Mbigiza konsad to Z and as a result when Z was overthrown Sambana attacked him it is said on N and D's orders and he was forced into strongholds on the Mgwavuma. His people are small in number - about 300 fighting men. On Z's restoration konsad to him again and as a Swazi subject he considers himself a British one as well but says that the Swazi king refused to support him when he was attacked by Sambana.



